Date		.3	.2	.2-	.1
6 <sup>th</sup> Sep	Words	thor <u>ough</u>	thorough	thor <u>ough</u>	thor <u>ough</u>
13 <sup>th</sup> Sep	which	bor <u>ough</u>	bor <u>ough</u>	ought	r <u>ough</u>
	contain the		doughnut	•	
	letter string	pl <u>ough</u>		b <u>ough</u> t	t <u>ough</u>
	ough	b <u>ough</u>	th <u>ough</u>	th <u>ough</u> t	c <u>ough</u>
		d <u>ough</u> nut	alth <u>ough</u>	br <u>ough</u> t	d <u>ough</u>
		alth <u>ough</u>	b <u>ough</u> t	f <u>ough</u> t	
		th <u>ough</u>	th <u>ough</u> t	th <u>rough</u>	
		dr <u>ough</u> t	br <u>ough</u> t		
		en <u>ough</u>	f <u>ough</u> t		
		thr <u>ough</u>	en <u>ough</u>		
		br <u>ough</u> t	thr <u>ough</u>		
20 <sup>th</sup> Sep	io 9 ci				
20 <sup>th</sup> Sep	ie & <mark>ei</mark>	suffic <u>ie</u> nt	suffic <u>ie</u> nt	suffic <u>ie</u> nt	var <u>ie</u> ty
27 Sep		var <u>ie</u> ty	var <u>ie</u> ty	var <u>ie</u> ty	sold <u>ie</u> r
		sold <u>ie</u> r	sold <u>ie</u> r	sold <u>ie</u> r	n <u>ei</u> ghbour
		n <u>ei</u> ghbour	n <u>ei</u> ghbour	n <u>ei</u> ghbour	l <u>ei</u> sure
		l <u>ei</u> sure	l <u>ei</u> sure	l <u>ei</u> sure	for <u>ei</u> gn
		for <u>ei</u> gn	for <u>ei</u> gn	for <u>ei</u> gn	fr <u>ie</u> nd
		shri <u>e</u> k	shri <u>e</u> k	fr <u>ie</u> nd	
		sover <u>ei</u> gn	sover <u>ei</u> gn	field	
		rel <u>ie</u> ve	relieve	f <u>ie</u> rce	
		f <u>ei</u> sty	f <u>ei</u> sty		
		aggr <u>ie</u> ve	aggr <u>ie</u> ve		
		4881 <u>10</u> 70	4881 <u>10</u> 70		
4 <sup>th</sup> Oct	words	artifi <u>cially</u>	offi <u>cial</u>	offi <u>cial</u>	offi <u>cial</u>
11 <sup>th</sup> Oct	ending in	finan <u>cially</u>	spe <u>cial</u>	spe <u>cial</u>	spe <u>cial</u>
	the sound	essen <u>tially</u>	so <u>cial</u>	so <u>cial</u>	so <u>cial</u>
	shul spelt cial or tial	partially	artificial	par <u>tial</u>	
		confidentially	finan <u>cial</u>	ini <u>tial</u>	
	cial often	ini <u>tially</u>	par <u>tial</u>	<u></u>	
	comes	presiden <u>tially</u>	confidential		
	after a	torren <u>tially</u>	ini <u>tial</u>		
	vowel tial				
	often	influen <u>tially</u>	torren <u>tial</u>		
	comes				
	after a				
	consonant				
	https://www. youtube.com/				
	watch?v=d 1				
18 <sup>th</sup> Oct	ds1X5RpE adding	deferred	referring	referring	referring
HALF	suffixes	deferring	referred	referred	referred
TERM	beginning	preferring	referee	referee	referee
1 <sup>st</sup> Nov	with vowel	preferred	preferring	preferring	
(INSET)	letters to	preference	preferred	preferred	
	words end in fer (if fer	transferred	transferred		
	in ter (if ter	uansierreu	uansierreu	buffering	

|--|

	is stressed double the r)	transferring transference	transferring	buffered	
8 <sup>th</sup> Nov 15 <sup>th</sup> Nov	Homophon es and other words that are often confused	morning mourning compliment complement assent ascent draft draught desert dessert	morning mourning compliment complement assent ascent draft draught desert dessert	morning mourning compliment complement draft draught desert dessert	morning mourning desert dessert
22 <sup>nd</sup> Nov 29 <sup>th</sup> Nov	Homophon es and other words that are often confused	principle principal profit prophet wary weary precede proceed whole hole where wear wear were	principle principal profit prophet wary weary precede proceed whole hole where were wear	profit prophet wary weary are our where wear were whole hole	wary weary are our where wear were whole hole
6 <sup>th</sup> Dec 13 <sup>th</sup> Dec	Challenge words soft c comes before e I or y	<u>c</u> emetery criti <u>ci</u> se existen <u>ce</u> espe <u>ci</u> ally mus <u>c</u> le ne <u>ce</u> ssary prejudi <u>c</u> e pronun <u>c</u> iation sin <u>c</u> ere sin <u>c</u> erely sacrifi <u>c</u> e	<u>c</u> emetery criti <u>ci</u> se existen <u>ce</u> espe <u>ci</u> ally mus <u>c</u> le ne <u>ce</u> ssary prejudi <u>c</u> e pronun <u>c</u> iation sin <u>c</u> ere sin <u>c</u> erely sacrifi <u>c</u> e	<u>c</u> emetery existen <u>ce</u> espe <u>ci</u> ally mus <u>c</u> le ne <u>ce</u> ssary pronun <u>c</u> iation sin <u>c</u> ere sin <u>c</u> erely	<u>c</u> emetery espe <u>ci</u> ally mus <u>c</u> le ne <u>ce</u> ssary pronun <u>c</u> iation sin <u>c</u> ere sin <u>c</u> erely

<b>Dates</b>		.3	.2	.2-	.1
4 <sup>th</sup> Jan	challenge	<u>c</u> ategory	<u>c</u> ategory	<u>c</u> ategory	<u>c</u> ategory
INSET day	words	<u>c</u> ompetition	<u>c</u> ompetition	<u>c</u> ompetition	<u>c</u> ompetition
10 <sup>th</sup> Jan	hard c often comes before	<u>c</u> ontroversy	<u>c</u> ontroversy	<u>c</u> ontroversy	<u>c</u> ontroversy
	a o u	<u>c</u> uriosity	<u>c</u> uriosity	<u>c</u> uriosity	di <u>c</u> tionary
	uou	di <u>c</u> tionary	di <u>c</u> tionary	di <u>c</u> tionary	se <u>c</u> retary
		o <u>cc</u> upy	o <u>cc</u> upy	o <u>cc</u> upy	vehi <u>cl</u> e
		o <u>cc</u> ur	o <u>cc</u> ur	o <u>cc</u> ur	
		re <u>c</u> ognise	re <u>c</u> ognise	re <u>c</u> ognise	
		se <u>c</u> retary	se <u>c</u> retary	se <u>c</u> retary	
		vehi <u>cl</u> e	vehi <u>cl</u> e	vehi <u>cl</u> e	
17 <sup>th</sup> Jan	silent letters	solem <u>nly</u>	solem <u>n</u>	<u>g</u> nome	<u>k</u> now
24 <sup>th</sup> Jan		autum <u>n</u>	autum <u>n</u>	gnaw	<u>k</u> nee
		colum <u>n</u>	<u>g</u> narled	<u>k</u> now	Feb <u>r</u> uary
		<u>g</u> narled	<u>k</u> nowledge	<u>k</u> nee	definit <u>e</u>
		<u>k</u> nowledgeabl	ras <u>p</u> berry	ras <u>p</u> berry	que <u>ue</u>
		е	cu <u>p</u> board	cu <u>p</u> board	bru <u>i</u> se
		<u>k</u> nowledge	lib <u>r</u> ary	Feb <u>r</u> uary	
		ras <u>p</u> berry	Feb <u>r</u> uary	definit <u>e</u>	
		cu <u>p</u> board	definit <u>e</u>	que <u>ue</u>	
		definit <u>e</u>	que <u>ue</u>	bru <u>i</u> se	
		que <u>ue</u>	bru <u>i</u> se		
		bru <u>i</u> se			
31 <sup>st</sup> Jan	common	frequently	frequently	frequently	frequently
7 <sup>th</sup> Feb	exception	identity	identity	identity	identity
	words y	physical	physical	physical	physical
	у	rhyme	rhyme	rhyme	rhyme
		rhythm	rhythm	rhythm	rhythm
		symbol	symbol	symbol	symbol
		system	system	system	system
		yacht	yacht	yacht	yacht
Half term					
21 <sup>st</sup> Feb	revise ure	signa <u>ture</u>	signa <u>ture</u>	signa <u>ture</u>	signa <u>ture</u>
	ture sure	tempera <u>ture</u>	tempera <u>ture</u>	tempera <u>ture</u>	tempera <u>ture</u>
	words	agricul <u>ture</u>	litera <u>ture</u>	adven <u>ture</u>	s <u>ure</u>
	https://www.	architec <u>ture</u>	depar <u>ture</u>	misadven <u>ture</u>	uns <u>ure</u>
	bbc.co.uk/bite	misadven <u>ture</u>	misadven <u>ture</u>	mea <u>sure</u>	p <u>ure</u>
	size/topics/zt6	enclo <u>sure</u>	enclo <u>sure</u>	pres <u>sure</u>	imp <u>ure</u>
	2mnb/articles	mea <u>sure</u>	mea <u>sure</u>	p <u>ure</u>	fig <u>ure</u>
	/z3jpk2p	pres <u>sure</u>	pres <u>sure</u>	imp <u>ure</u>	pict <u>ure</u>
		plea <u>sure</u>	plea <u>sure</u>	fig <u>ure</u>	
		proced <u>ure</u>	proced <u>ure</u>	pict <u>ure</u>	
		seiz <u>ure</u>	seiz <u>ure</u>		

28 <sup>th</sup> Feb	revise if you have an y change it to an I ful ness ly <u>https://www.y</u> <u>outube.com/</u> <u>watch?v=mbk</u> <u>wO3F5eYw</u>	beauty beautiful beautician happy happier happiest happiness happily angry angrier angriest angrily mercy merciful plenty plentiful dry dried defy defied lay laid pay paid say said	beaut <u>y</u> beaut <u>i</u> ful beaut <u>i</u> cian happ <u>y</u> happ <u>i</u> er happ <u>i</u> est happ <u>i</u> ness happ <u>i</u> ly angr <u>y</u> angr <u>i</u> er angr <u>i</u> est angr <u>i</u> ly merc <u>y</u> merc <u>i</u> ful plent <u>y</u> plentiful dr <u>y</u> dr <u>i</u> ed def <u>y</u> def <u>i</u> ed la <u>y</u> la <u>i</u> d pa <u>y</u> pa <u>i</u> d sa <u>y</u> sa <u>i</u> d	beaut <u>y</u> beaut <u>i</u> ful happy happ <u>i</u> er happ <u>i</u> est happ <u>i</u> ness happ <u>i</u> ly merc <u>y</u> merc <u>i</u> ful plent <u>y</u> plentiful dr <u>y</u> dr <u>i</u> ed def <u>y</u> def <u>i</u> ed lay la <u>i</u> d pa <u>y</u> pa <u>i</u> d sa <u>y</u> sa <u>i</u> d	beaut <u>y</u> beaut <u>i</u> ful happy happ <u>i</u> er happ <u>i</u> est happ <u>i</u> ness happ <u>i</u> ly merc <u>y</u> merc <u>i</u> ful plent <u>y</u> plentiful dr <u>y</u> dr <u>i</u> ed def <u>y</u> def <u>i</u> ed la <u>y</u> la <u>i</u> d pa <u>y</u> pa <u>i</u> d sa <u>y</u> sa <u>i</u> d
7 <sup>th</sup> Mar	common exception words double letter & Gs	equi <u>pp</u> ed guarant <u>ee</u> hara <u>ss</u> o <u>pp</u> ortunity suggest bargain language lightning privilege	equi <u>pp</u> ed guarant <u>ee</u> hara <u>ss</u> o <u>pp</u> ortunity suggest bargain language lightning privilege	equi <u>pp</u> ed hara <u>ss</u> o <u>pp</u> ortunity suggest bargain language lightning privilege	equi <u>pp</u> ed hara <u>ss</u> o <u>pp</u> ortunity suggest bargain language lightning privilege
14 <sup>th</sup> Mar	revise tion sion ssion cian	explanation profe <u>ssion</u> percu <u>ssion</u> occupa <u>tion</u> sugges <u>tion</u> persua <u>sion</u> suspen <u>sion</u> beauti <u>cian</u> physi <u>cian</u>	explana <u>tion</u> profe <u>ssion</u> percu <u>ssion</u> occupa <u>tion</u> sugges <u>tion</u> persua <u>sion</u> suspen <u>sion</u> beauti <u>cian</u> physi <u>cian</u>	explana <u>tion</u> profe <u>ssion</u> ac <u>tion</u> men <u>tion</u> percu <u>ssion</u> pa <u>ssion</u> infu <u>sion</u> pen <u>sion</u> electri <u>cian</u> opti <u>cian</u>	explana <u>tion</u> profe <u>ssion</u> ac <u>tion</u> men <u>tion</u> percu <u>ssion</u> pa <u>ssion</u> electri <u>cian</u> opti <u>cian</u>
21 <sup>st</sup> Mar	revise ous	disastr <u>ous</u> glamor <u>ous</u> fam <u>ous</u> danger <u>ous</u> adventur <u>ous</u> enorm <u>ous</u> fabul <u>ous</u>	disastr <u>ous</u> glamor <u>ous</u> fam <u>ous</u> danger <u>ous</u> adventur <u>ous</u> enorm <u>ous</u> fabul <u>ous</u>	disastr <u>ous</u> glamor <u>ous</u> fam <u>ous</u> danger <u>ous</u> adventur <u>ous</u> enorm <u>ous</u> fabul <u>ous</u>	disastr <u>ous</u> fam <u>ous</u> danger <u>ous</u> enorm <u>ous</u> gener <u>ous</u> jeal <u>ous</u>

		anonym <u>ous</u>	gener <u>ous</u>	gener <u>ous</u>	
		gener <u>ous</u>	jeal <u>ous</u>	jeal <u>ous</u>	
		jeal <u>ous</u>	miracul <u>ous</u>	miracul <u>ous</u>	
		miracul <u>ous</u>	moment <u>ous</u>		
		moment <u>ous</u>	numer <u>ous</u>		
		numer <u>ous</u>	tremend <u>ous</u>		
		tremend <u>ous</u>			
28 <sup>th</sup> Mar	revise gue que	uni <u>que</u>	uni <u>que</u>	uni <u>que</u>	uni <u>que</u>
		anti <u>que</u>	anti <u>que</u>	anti <u>que</u>	anti <u>que</u>
		mos <u>que</u>	mos <u>que</u>	mos <u>que</u>	mos <u>que</u>
		pla <u>que</u>	pla <u>que</u>	pla <u>que</u>	pla <u>que</u>
		pictures <u>que</u>	pictures <u>que</u>	ton <u>gue</u>	ton <u>gue</u>
		grotes <u>que</u>	grotes <u>que</u>	va <u>gue</u>	va <u>gue</u>
		ton <u>gue</u>	ton <u>gue</u>	fati <u>gue</u>	fati <u>gue</u>
		ro <u>gue</u>	ro <u>gue</u>		
		va <u>gue</u>	va <u>gue</u>		
		fati <u>gue</u>	fati <u>gue</u>		
		intri <u>gue</u>	intri <u>gue</u>		
		<u>league</u>	<u>league</u>		
		<u>catalogue</u>	<u>catalogue</u>		
Easter	Common	average	average	average	average
Holidays	Exception words	awkward	awkward	awkward	awkward
	worus	develop	develop	develop	develop
		familiar	familiar	familiar	familiar
		interfere	interfere	interfere	interfere
		persuade	persuade	persuade	persuade
		relevant	relevant	relevant	relevant
		restaurant	restaurant	restaurant	restaurant
		shoulder	shoulder	shoulder	shoulder
		twelfth	twelfth	twelfth	twelfth

These Plurals need to be revised in class.				
revise plurals s es ies <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0_A9</u> <u>1HaHXhA</u> revision plurals worksheets non nonsense spellings yr 5 block 2	baby babies fly flies pony ponies monkey monkeys lorry lorries			
lesson 4 & block 6 lessons 7 , 8	box boxes fox foxes echo echoes dish dishes tomato tomatoes			
revise plurals f to ves	knife knives			

or just f	wolf wolves
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EW2	dwarf dwarves
CpTKy0s	half halves
	wife wives
	elf elves
	roof roofs
	hoof hooves
	sniff sniffs
revise irregular plurals	sheep
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oc3D	deer
GInQYNE	reindeer
	species
Who has loop card game	fish
powerpoint irregular plurals	moose
http://www.primaryresources.co.uk/englis	feet
h/englishA3.htm different plural bingo	mice
cards.	children
	women
	teeth
	geese
	oxen
	dice
revise apostrophes of possession	boys'
plurals	girls'
http://www.bbc.co.uk/skillswise/english/g	buildings'
<u>ames?page=3</u> choose who owns what	houses
game	foxes'
apostrophe yes or no sheet	children's
powerpoint regular plurals	men's
possessive nouns powerpoint	women's
	mice's
	people's
	oxen's
	e

		НА	МА	MA-	LA
19 <sup>th</sup> April	c sound ch	stoma <u>ch</u>	stoma <u>ch</u>	stoma <u>ch</u>	stomach
-	or ch	or <u>ch</u> estra	an <u>ch</u> or	monar <u>ch</u>	monar <u>ch</u>
		technological	monarch	anchor	school
	http://esol.british council.org/conte	architecture	choir	s <u>ch</u> ool	e <u>ch</u> o
	nt/learners/gram		chorus	e <u>ch</u> o	
	<u>mar-and-</u> vocabulary/vocab	<u>ch</u> emist			<u>ch</u> oir
	ulary-and-	monar <u>chy</u>	<u>ch</u> emist	<u>ch</u> oir	
	<u>spelling/spelling-</u> k-sound	s <u>ch</u> eme	e <u>ch</u> o		
	interactive task 4	<u>ch</u> aos	<u>ch</u> aos		
		<u>ch</u> aracter	te <u>ch</u> nology		
		<u>ch</u> oir	s <u>ch</u> eme		
25 <sup>th</sup> April	revise double	hop ho <u>pp</u> ed	hop ho <u>pp</u> ed	hop ho <u>pp</u> ed	hop ho <u>pp</u> ed
	or single consonants	ho <u>pp</u> ing	ho <u>pp</u> ing	ho <u>pp</u> ing	ho <u>pp</u> ing
	http://www.b	hope hoping	hope hoping	hope hoping	hope hoping
	bc.co.uk/scho	hoped	hoped	hoped	hoped
	ols/spellits/act	pine pined	pine pined	pine pined	pine pined
	ivities y5/acti vity6.shtml	pining	pining	pining	pining
	https://www.y	run ru <u>nn</u> ing	run ru <u>nn</u> ing	run ru <u>nn</u> ing	run ru <u>nn</u> ing
	outube.com/	thin thi <u>nn</u> er	thin thinner	thin thinner	thin thi <u>nn</u> er
	watch?v=UVK	thi <u>nn</u> est	thi <u>nn</u> est	thi <u>nn</u> est	thi <u>nn</u> est
	<u>vTvUP-YQ</u>	fine finer	fine finer	fine finer	fine finer
	bingo double game				
2 <sup>rd</sup> May	revise	finest	finest	finest	finest
2 May (Bank	common				
holiday)	exception				
	words				
9 <sup>th</sup> May	SATS week				
16 <sup>th</sup> May					
&					
23rd <sup>h</sup>					
May					
6 <sup>th</sup> June					
Jun					
13 <sup>th</sup> June					
Jun					
20 <sup>th</sup> Jun					
27 <sup>th</sup> Jun					
4 <sup>th</sup> Jul					
11 <sup>th</sup> July					
18 <sup>th</sup> July					
1	1	1		1	

## **Spelling Activities:**

## Groupings:

The Class teacher needs to divide the children into their spelling groups. The children also need to know which group they are in. To do this, you need to look at last year's 3260 data- not only will this tell you their score but also their progress across the year too.

There are 4 groups : .3 HA, .2 MA, .2- which are the children which aren't quite your lowest but not quite age related either and .1 your LA. The words have been differentiated. It is up to the class teacher (in consultation with whoever runs the child's spelling intervention- if they have one) to set a couple of other spellings for the lowest ability children. This might be high frequency words; common exception words; the words they're working on in interventions; words they're getting wrong in class; certain spelling patterns they struggle with etc. They need to be given these words. Therefore, the children are all looking at the same pattern but not necessarily the same words-you're teaching the pattern not the words.

The spellings are from the national curriculum and also the common exception words for each phase. Where possible we have combined the two, to cut down the amount of work we need to do. Any words on the common exception list that are left over, will be divided between the 2 year groups and you will be told which words these are.

For KS2, the children will have 2 weeks on the same spelling pattern. They will need to be given their words, for their group, on the Monday. Then a week Friday, they will then be tested upon them. See more information below.

Later, we will also add in a couple of spelling journal words but this is not yet so we will not worry about that at the moment.

They must be given a chance to look, write cover check & find out the definition of the words so they actually apply them in their work. Whether you do this as homework or in class is up to you. We suggest you vary this so they don't get disengaged but they know the 2 tasks will happen. The 1<sup>st</sup> week is getting to know the words & the 2<sup>nd</sup> is getting ready for their test.

#### <u>Homework</u>

The children, in KS2, will no longer be given all the spellings for the half term in one go with suggested activities to learn them. They will be given their spelling words but for the fortnight with a directed activity to go alongside each week so there is more of a drive and they see this as part of their homework.

In the first week, the class teacher needs to send the appropriate differentiated list home, with an activity to help the children learn their spellings. The second week, the homework will be practising the spellings ready for the spelling test on the Friday. This could be putting the words into a sentence; looking them up in the dictionary; finding synonyms for the words; look write cover check; something to learn the shape of the word, wordsearches/ cross words generated by you; work online on spelling frame - anything that will help them learn the spellings. See examples shared by K Rhodes. This will be in addition to what happens in class. Remember these will need to be the specific words for that group. **Please vary this so they don't just get into a set routine of what they have to do and therefore are not thinking as actively as before.** 

#### <u>Test</u>

This will be slightly different so it will take a couple of times to get used to. Give them a last chance to practise any spellings they found tricky then take their spelling work books away (or hide them under the table). They need to cover their answers & be in silence. DO NOT give them the words in the same order. They need to be mixed up.

Some words will be the same for all the children, these might be good ones to start with. Then, this will really train their listening skills, they have to listen for **their group's word**.

Normally, like SATs, you read the word, put it into a sentence & read the word again. Once they're used to the test set up, occasionally you can also give them just the definition (& maybe the starting letter/ whether it's a long or short word- if you're feeling generous/ they've just started do this) so they have to work out which word is being tested & apply this knowledge.

Spellings need to be marked straight after so the children know how they've done and they can put incorrect spellings in their personal dictionaries & write out any wrong spellings.

On the shared drive, there is a spelling record sheet for you to fill in for your class. This can be in your assessment file for you to bring to Pupil Progress Meetings.

#### **Rewards**

If they achieve full marks in their test, they can have 10 housepoints. If you can also set up something on Dojo, whether this is a specific Dojo point or a message to the parents to inform them of their child's success. If they can do this 4 times in a row, they can get 40 housepoints. If they manage to do this for a whole term, they can be presented with a special certificate in celebration assembly.

If they get just 1 wrong, they can have 5 housepoints.

Any words they get wrong- they need to write them into their own personal dictionary. At a later point we will introduce testing of these words too.

#### **Sanctions**

If they get 1 spelling wrong, on a piece of scrap paper they write that spelling out correctly twice. If they get 2 spellings wrong they write the 2 spellings out 4 times. 3 spellings wrong, 6 times. etc. You only need 1 child to write out their spellings 8 times per spelling (as they hadn't learned them) and nobody makes this mistake again.

If they get only ½ right, their name needs to get recorded & if this happens 3 times a conversation needs to happen with the parents of why this is.

#### In Class

#### **Resources**

In the table, you will see a corresponding unit of 2 schemes of work: Read Write Inc Spelling (which we have purchased an online subscription for, through Oxford Owl) & No Nonsense Spelling (which suggests activities and is in document form saved on the shared drive). RWINc has a video explaining the sound pattern & some activities on the white board or ones you can print off or adapt. NNS has suggestions of activities you can do as well. The idea is that the spelling pattern is taught and then the children see how this applies to the words they specifically have.

The children have an A4 red book where all (class based) spelling work is to go; the small little thin test books are still their test books. Both books need to be looked at and marked.

You may come across other fun things to do as well- games on the smart board that's totally fine.

**Display**: The words for the spelling pattern need to be printed out on card to be displayed in classroom, where the children can see them all the time (e.g on / around the smartboard perhaps). These word cards are all on the shared

rive for you in the English spelling file. You may wish to type in the couple of words too for your LA children that you have set. These might be displayed with the others or in a separate place where they can access them.

#### Across the 2 Weeks

# The spelling sessions are quick. The idea is for there to be more frequent sessions but for shorter bursts. Your spelling test will be your longer day.

**Monday/Tuesday week 1** – Children are given their list for their spellings and look at the Read Write Inc video, or a video/ powerpoint for that letter pattern. Look at the sound chart, which is displayed in your classroom so the children know where they can find sounds they're using. They will also need to do an activity related to these.

**Soft Starts**- 2 soft start activities a week need to based around spelling & 1 based on handwriting. Your handwriting can also be based around the spelling pattern and the words to be learned. This could either be in handwriting books or on handwriting paper where the children can literally copy underneath your writing.

Friday- A spelling session.

Week 2- A day of your choosing something related to helping them prepare for their test and the 2 soft starts.

**Friday week 2**- The children are tested in the morning at a convenient time for you. Children write out any incorrect spellings that lunchtime. If this day needs to move due to a school trip or something like that, ensure the children and parents know that the day of the test is moving, and to which one, when you initially give out the spellings & keep reminding them so they know if they have less time they'll need to change their routine.

#### Activity Ideas Week 1

<b>Spelling idea 1</b> Dot and dash- print out the words large enough for each child to dot or dash the sound the buttons- Can do whole class but also individually.	<b>Spelling idea 2- whole class</b> Pick a word which they all have. Say the word MT YT- hide fingers in hand. Say "fingers" (May need to prompt for special friends) Children show you how many sounds the word has. They pinch the sounds and write it down as they say the sounds. You write on the board showing each sound. They tick or fix theirs.	<b>Spelling idea 3-whole class</b> Use the font (KG Teachers helper font) to create boxes for the children to look at the shape of the word and choose the correct word which matches the shape.
Spelling idea 4- Multi-syllabic words Say sounds as write on the board- do the root word first then put the prefix or suffix on. Look at the sounds for each syllable and say sounds as write. The children feedback the letter names for each sound	<b>Spelling idea 5</b> Look up the words in a dictionary or thesaurus. Find the meanings and/or alternative words.	Spelling Idea 6 If prefixes or suffixes, in ability group print out the root words & prefixes/suffixes separately. Can they match the correct ones?
Spelling idea 7- whole class Online (RWInc)	Spelling idea 8 activities from twinkl	Spelling idea 9 activities from NNS Spelling.

S	Something from RWINC spelling on Oxford Owl.	

## Activity Ideas Week 2

Spelling idea 1 RWInc online choose the right word	Spelling idea 2 Create a mnemonic to learn harder words: because (big elephants can't always use small exits)	Spelling idea 3 Get someone to read out the spelling and spell it back to them a letter at a time
Spelling idea 4 Use the Look, Say, Cover, Write, Check method: look at the word and say it as you look at it; visualise the word in your head, cover the word up and try spelling without help; finally uncover the original word and check if you got it right	Spelling idea 5 Rainbow Writing- Children write the word – large in pencil. Then with a coloured pencil they go over it. They choose a different coloured pencil and go over it again etc.	Spelling idea 6 Use an online wordsearch generator, for the children to search for their groups' spelling words
Spelling idea 7 Find words that rhyme with it to get used the sounds in the word	<b>Spelling idea 8</b> Break words up into letter or sound blends such as, Wednesday becomes Wed-nes-day	Spelling idea 9 Some children may learn words better when they are presented differently, such as vertically, in a ring or in a shape of their choosing or drawing pictures
Spelling Tip 10 Write out your spellings using different pens, pencils or materials- writing in the sand has also been proved to work well for younger pupils.	Spelling Tip 11 Close your eyes when you try to spell the word out loud- this can help you to visualise or 'see' the word in your head	